

User Manual for PharmPak Epedigree Website

Introduction

The purpose of PharmPak's new Epedigree website is to enable PharmPak's customers and other related organizations to:

- 1. Enable the verification of the 2D EPC (Electronic Product Code) barcode on a unit-dose pill bottle or other container of pharmaceuticals to have been repackaged and shipped by PharmPak
- 2. To be able to view the electronic pedigree of a lot of repackaged pharmaceuticals, based on:
 - a. Scanning the 2D EPC code on a unit-dose container
 - b. Scanning the 1D SSCC (serialized shipping container code) barcode on a shipping container
 - c. Entering the GS1 GLN/SGLN (Global Location Number/Serialized GLN) for the recipient location.
- 3. To be able to download the E-Pedigree information for a specific lot shipped by PharmPak in the format of an Excel spreadsheet or a PDF file.

The intention of this Epedigree website is to provide a means of accessing supply chain materials traceability data for smaller organizations, such as clinics, which do not wish to get involved in the complexities of receiving EPCIS files or decoding their complex XML contents.

Using the Epedigree Site

Entering Website URL

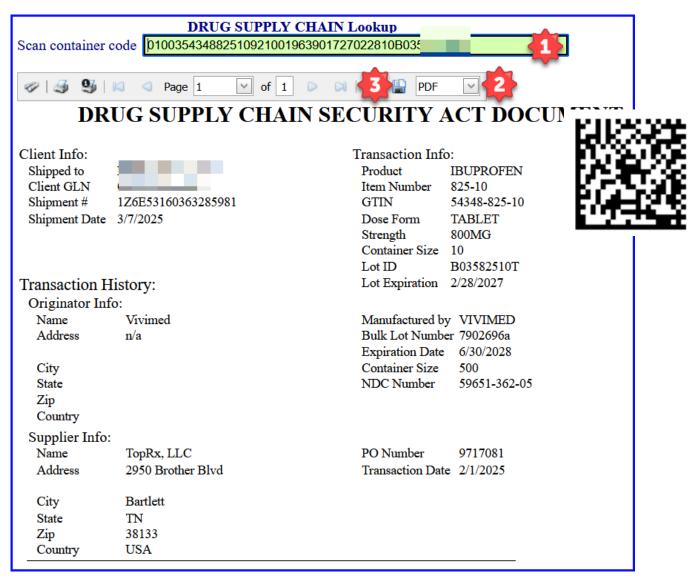
To access this web site enter the <u>Epedigree.PharmPakOps.com</u> URL in your web browser (full path https://Epedigree.PharmPakOps.com).

This will bring up the screen shown here into which you can:

- 1. Scan a 2D EPC barcode from a container of pharmaceuticals
- 2. Scan an SSCC barcode from a shipping container
- 3. Enter the SGLN (or GLN if this is a singular location) for the recipient organization of the shipment



Result of Scanning 2D EPC Code



Scanning the 2D EPC barcode into the box (1) results in the display of the pedigree information for the scanned container as shown here. This can be downloaded by selecting the format (PDF or Excel) to be used (2) and then clicking on the disk symbol (3) to download the file to your PC.

Other containers can then be scanned, if needed, by clearing the data entry box (1) and scanning the next barcode.

If the scanned 2D EPC barcode cannot be validated against the data in the Event Repository Database then it may be flagged as potentially counterfeit, with only the known, if any, information reported.



Scanning an SSCC Barcode

If you scan a serialized shipping container code (SSCC) barcode on a carton or other shipping container, you will get a list of the lots inside the shipping container.



The page lists the lots within the container scanned, not for the whole shipment. This includes lots within inner containers that have their own SSCC barcodes, such as for cartons stacked on a pallet, for which the SSCC barcode is scanned.

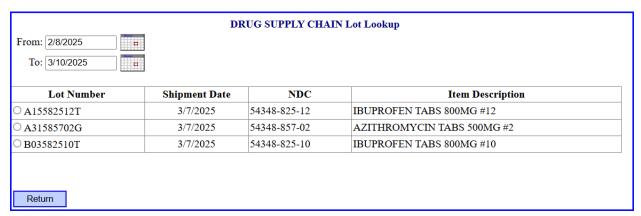
Lot Number	Shipment Date	NDC	Item Description
23474014Q	1/7/2025	54348-740-14	METRONIDAZOLE TAB 500MG #14
L16411712Q	1/7/2025	54348-117-12	PROMETHAZINE TABS 25MG #12
L18457514K	1/7/2025	54348-575-14	DOXYCYCLINE CAPS 100MG #14
L19414804E	1/7/2025	54348-148-04	MISOPROSTOL TABS 200MCG #4
L10483530T	1/7/2025	54348-835-30	IBUPROFEN TABS 400MG #30

Selecting the radio button for the lot then displays the pedigree information for the selected lot. The data for each lot can be selected in turn by clicking on its radio button before selecting the [Return] button to scan another barcode.

Entering the SGLN for the Recipient Location

Locations within the GS1 standard are identified by a Global Location Number (GLN) for the headquarters and sub GLN (SGLN) for subsidiary locations, such as manufacturing plants or warehouses.

Entering the SGLN for the location to which the products were shipped in the barcode data entry box results in a list of lot numbers, which were shipped during a specified date range, which defaults to the last 30 days, but can be changed.



Selecting the Lot Number radio button then displays the available pedigree information for the selected lot number.

Commentary

Please note that:

- 1. If the scanned barcode is not recognized as a GS1 2D barcode, or an SSCC barcode, or a GLN/SGLN then there will be no response as a way of protecting against random hackers.
- 2. Some of the pedigree information may be missing, if it has not yet been received from upstream suppliers. At present, that shown, typically, is what is captured by PharmPak technicians during receiving, repacking, labeling, packing and shipping events.
- 3. Originator and distributor location information may be missing, if these have not been supplied to PharmPak by the distributors of specific products.
- 4. The BellHawk software used by PharmPak provides significant capabilities for detecting the receipt of counterfeit Pharmaceuticals.
- 5. It is expected that these detection capabilities will be enhanced in the upcoming year based on the receipt of EPCIS file data from PhamPak's suppliers.
- 6. For those organizations wishing to exchange EPCIS files with PharmPak's DSCSA Operations Tracking and Traceability Server, please send an Email to support@pharmpakops.com.